POWERBOSS®

BADGER® SWEEPER

SW/62 Deluxe

OPERATION, MAINTENANCE, & TROUBLESHOOTING



AAR POWERBOSS, INC.



ANDERSON & TAYLOR STREETS / P.O. BOX 1227 ABERDEEN, NORTH CAROLINA 28315 U.S.A. (910) 944-2167 / FAX: (910) 944-7409

AUGUST '97

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SW/62 Deluxe FEATURES



- 1. Dust Control Filter: 92 Sq. Ft. (8.56m²)
- 2. Electric Filter Shaker
- 3. Exhaust Air Expelled Outside Engine Compartment
- 4. Industrial Liquid-Cooled Engine
- 5. Tri-Phase Air Cleaner
- 6. Heavy gauge unitized steel frame and armor plate body stand up to abusive environments
- 7. Convenient, operator-friendly controls
- 8. Dual Performance Sweep Mode
- 9. Variable speed, quick change main broom floats to maintain contact over uneven surfaces
- 10. Oversized Hopper with RTR™
- 11. Retractable Quick-Change Side Broom
- 12. Multi-Level Hopper Dumping
- 13. Built-In Dust PreFiltering
- 14. Dust Control on/off switch
- 15. Instant Forward & Reverse using one Pedal
- 16. Excellent Maneuverability due to Compact Size & Rear Wheel Steering
- 17. The 53-inch sweep path covers up to 124,080 square feet per hour
- 18. The 10 cubic foot high dump hopper holds up to 650 pounds of debris
- 19. Gas, LP, and diesel models feature hydraulically driven vacuum fan, brooms, rear drive tire, hopper dump and power steering for reliable operation
- 20. Premium-quality components reduce downtime and cut maintenance costs
- 21. Convenient, operator-friendly controls

BADGER SW/62 Deluxe (LIMITED) PRODUCT WARRANTY

AAR PowerBoss, Inc. warrants that the **PowerBoss** Badger SW/62 Deluxe will be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of 24 months or 1,200 operating hours from date of installation, whichever comes first. Written notice of any claimed defect must be given to AAR within the warranty period and within thirty (30) days after such defect is discovered. Liability under this warranty is limited to either replacing or repairing, at AAR's election, any part or parts deemed defective after examination by AAR or an Authorized Service Representative. The **PowerBoss** machine or any of its parts returned by customer to AAR or an Authorized Service Representative via prepaid transportation and which is found to be defective, will be repaired or replaced and returned to customer via prepaid surface transportation within the Continental U.S. On the other hand, should a part be found not defective, inspection and handling charges may be charged to the customer by AAR or an Authorized Service Representative.

For one hundred eighty (180) days from date of installation, AAR will provide repair labor, at no charge, solely through an Authorized Service Representative. Thereafter, labor will be charged.

This warranty does not extend to the **PowerBoss** machine, or its parts, that have been subject to misuse, accident or improper handling, installation, maintenance or application, nor does it extend to **PowerBoss** machine and/or parts which have been repaired or altered outside AAR's plant or the facility of Authorized Service Representative.

This warranty does not apply to routine wearable parts of the **PowerBoss** machine such as brushes, flaps, filters, seals, points, plugs, hoses or similar items. Moreover, this warranty does not extend to the **PowerBoss** machine or part replaced or repaired under this warranty.

Only replacement parts supplied by AAR are warranted for 30 days after installation.

The warranty for optional engines shall be limited to the warranty extended to AAR by the supplier.

THE WARRANTY SET FORTH HEREIN IS IN LIEU OF AND EXCLUDES ANY AND ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, ARISING BY OPERATION OF LAW OR OTHERWISE, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, AND CUSTOMER WAIVES ANY OBLIGATION OR LIABILITY OF AAR ARISING IN TORT OR STRICT LIABILITY IN TORT, OR FOR LOSS OR USE, REVENUE OR PROFIT WITH RESPECT TO PowerBoss MACHINE AND/OR PARTS FOR ANY LIABILITY OF CUSTOMER TO ANY THIRD PARTY, OR FOR OTHER DIRECT, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

(April 1993)

SAFETY SYMBOLS

Five symbols are used throughout this manual to emphasize various levels of safety information. These symbols and the meaning of each are listed below.



DANGER: To warn of immediate hazards which will result in severe personal injury or death.



WARNING: To warn of hazards or unsafe practices which could result in severe personal injury or death.



CAUTION: To warn of hazards or unsafe practices which could result in minor personal injury.

ATTENTION!

ATTENTION! To warn of practices which could result in extensive equipment damage.

NOTE

NOTE: To direct your attention to important equipment information or special instructions for preventing damage to equipment.

Symbols at the top of the list are the strongest warnings. However, all symbols represent important information which should be observed to protect you and others from harm and injury, and to prevent damage to equipment.

SAFETY DECALS

Decals directly attached to various parts of the sweeper are highly visible safety reminders which should be read and observed. Make sure the decals are replaced if they become illegible or damaged. The decal below is located in the drive compartment. Other safety decals on your machine appear on the next page.

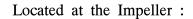
A CAUTION

For Your Safety And Safety Of Others:

- DO NOT Operate Machine:
 Unless Operation Manual Is Read And Understood.
 Unless Authorized And Trained.
 In Areas With Flammable Or Explosive Conditions.
 Without Adequate Ventilation.
- 2. Do Not Use Flammable Cleaning Materials.
- 3. Inspect Vehicle For Fuel Leakage.
- 4. Drive Slowly On Inclines And Slippery Surfaces.
- Do Not Power Dump Hopper Unless Vehicle Is On A Level Surface.
- 6. Before Leaving Vehicle: Lock Parking Brake, Stop Engine, And Remove Key.

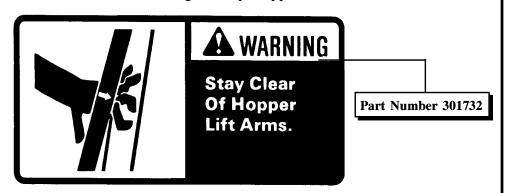
Part Number 301854



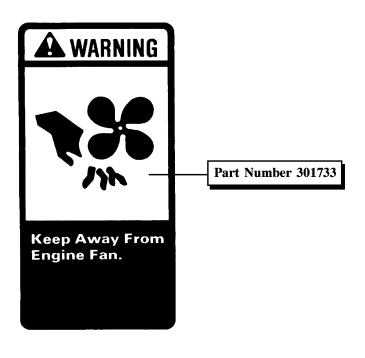




Located on the high dump hopper:



Located on the shroud of the radiator:



BASIC PowerBoss® SAFETY

PowerBoss sweepers should never be operated unless: 1. the operator is trained and authorized to operate the equipment and, 2. the equipment is free of malfunctions. Malfunctioning equipment should be removed from service.



1. Keep cigarettes, matches, and all other flame sources away from the sweeper. Gasoline, LP gas, and diesel fuel are highly flammable. Lead acid batteries are equally dangerous due to the highly explosive hydrogen gas they emit.



- 1. Before starting the engine, make sure that:
 - You are securely seated in the operator's seat.
 - The parking brake is locked.
 - The directional control pedal is in neutral.
 - The throttle is in idle.
 - Hydraulic controls are in OFF position.

2. During operation:

- Keep your hands and body clear of moving parts, especially when the hopper or lift arms are partially or fully raised.
- Make sure others in the area stay clear of the equipment and moving parts.
- Never attempt to dump debris from a dock or mezzanine. Dump from ground level only.
- 3. When leaving the sweeper unattended:
 - Place the controls in OFF position.
 - Set the parking brake.
 - Shut off the machine.
- 4. During cleaning and maintenance:



- Always shut off all power and set the parking brake before servicing.
- Never use detergents or cleansers that are flammable or combustible.
- Never inflate a pneumatic tire without using a safety cage.
- Do not attempt any impeller adjustment unless you have turned off the machine. Never place your hands near the intake hoses or inlet when the engine is running.
- Always engage the safety arm before getting under the hopper. Do not rely on the hydraulic cylinder to keep the hopper raised.
- Never test for hydraulic hose leaks using your hand or any other part of your body. High pressure leaks can be very dangerous and should only be checked using a piece of paper.
- 5. When servicing or repairing the fuel system:
 - Work in a properly ventilated area, do not smoke, or allow an open flame near the fuel system.
 - Never bypass safety components unless you are testing
 - · Never bypass the fuel filter lock, except when testing them (and always reconnect them after testing).
 - Wear gloves to disconnect the tank coupling.
- 6. Do not operate an LPG powered sweeper when any component in the fuel system is malfunctioning or leaking.
- 7. Replace any defective safety components before operating the sweeper.
- **A** CAUTION
- 1. Do not drive with the hopper in the raised position except the few feet necessary to position the hopper over the dumpster or receptacle. Driving with the hopper raised reduces visibility and creates conditions for striking overhead objects, throwing the machine off-balance, and other hazards.
- 2. Travel slowly on grades.

- 3. Place a block or chock behind the wheels when parking on inclines.
- 4. Use special care when traveling on wet surfaces.
- 5. Observe all proper procedures for operation and maintenance of the sweeper, as outlined in this manual.
- 6. Remain alert at all times to people and equipment in and around your area of operation.

NOTE

- 1. Do not operate the #2 RTR before the #1 light illuminates.
- 2. Never push or tow a machine faster than 6 m.p.h..

SW/62 DELUXE SPECIFICATIONS

Engine Kubota 24.5 HP (18.2 kw), 3-cylinder liquid-cooled gasoline

(available with optional LP), or a 20 HP (14.9 kw) 3-cylinder

Kubota, liquid, liquid-cooled diesel engine.

8-gallon (30 liter) fuel tank. Electric Start/12-volt

Battery.

40 amp alternator standard.

Frame Unitized steel frame with 1.5-inch (38 mm) X 5-inch (127

mm) box section reinforcement. Heavy-duty, shock-

mounted wraparound bumper.

Drives Hydraulically-driven through rear wheel. Variable

speed to 6 mph (9.66 kmh). Main broom, side brush, hopper dump and vacuum impeller are hydraulically

operated-Tow valve standard.

Steering Hydraulic power steering through rear wheel.

Turning Radius Left Hand - 52.5 inches (1328 mm)

Right Hand - 77 inches (1948 mm) "U" Turn - 105 inches (2656.5 mm)

Sweep Path 53 inch (1345 mm) Sweep path including side brush.

Sweep Coverage 124,080 sq. ft. (11,527 m²) per hour based on a 53-inch path at

6 mph (9.66 kmh) with 6-inch (152 mm) overlap.

Sweeping Brushes Main Broom: 14-inch diameter (355 mm), 36-inch (915 mm)

length. Cylindrical, one-piece disposable sweeping. Quick no

tool broom change. Raised and lowered from operator compartment. Floats for uneven surfaces. Adjustable for

pressure and wear.

Side Broom: 24-inch diameter (610 mm) rotary, one-piece, quick

change disposable. Bumper protected and retractable.

Adjustable for angle, pressure and wear.

SW/62 DELUXE SPECIFICATIONS (CONT.)

Dust Control Fully-enclosed, positive-sealed, reusable panel filter. 92 sq. ft.

(8.56 m²) of filtering area. Filter cleaned with standard electric shaker motor. High-volume, low-pressure 9-inch (228 mm) diameter impeller provides constant air flow. For wet-sweep

bypass, the dust control feature can be shut off.

Debris Hopper 10 cu. ft. (0.28 m³) holds up to 650 lbs. (295 kg) multi-level high

dump up to 60-inches (1523 mm). Features RTRTM/Rotary Trash

Relocator system as standard.

Controls/Accessories Operator controls all functions of sweeping and debris

disposal while seated. Instant forward and reverse using one pedal. Foot pedal travel brake. Hand-activated emergency/parking brake.

Head- and tail-lights. Horn button.

Instruments Fuel gauge, hour meter, high engine temperature gauge, engine oil

pressure indicator, battery charge indicator, ammeter, and RTR®/

Rotary Trash Relocator instructional lights.

Tires Front-Two18-inch (457 mm) OD industrial solid.

Rear - One 16-inch (406 mm) OD industrial solid.

Optional - Pneumatic, soft shoe and non-marking tires available.

Weight Net - 2,550 lbs. (1332 kg).

Shipping - 2,950 lbs. (1504 kg).

All approximate.

Dimensions Length - 79-inches (2005 mm)

Width - 53-inches (1345 mm) Height - 53-inches (1345 mm)

79.5-inches (2018 mm) with overhead guard

COMPONENTS

THE AIR INTAKE SYSTEM

Engines are equipped with a dry cartridge type air filter with a rubber dust cup in the housing. The filters are accessible for easy removal and cleaning. All engines have tangential inlet air filters.

THE ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Circuit Breaker

There is one main circuit breaker located to the left of the driver.

- 1. Headlights
- 2. Curb Broom, Horn, Filter Shaker
- 3. RTR[™] indicators, Fuel Gauge, Hourmeter
- 4. Oil Pressure Indicator, Water Temperature Indicator, Ammeter
- 5. Main (Ignition Switch-Battery, Starter Battery)

THE FUEL SYSTEM

Gasoline

Major fuel system components for gasoline-fueled engines are:

- fuel tank
- fuelfilter
- mechanical fuel pump
- carburetor

Liquid Propane Gas (LPG)

Major fuel system components for LPG-fueled engines are:

- fuel bottle
- pressure relief valve/fuel filter
- vacuum lock-off valve
- combination water heated vaporizer and primary regulator
- combination carburetor and secondary regulator



Diesel Major fuel system components for diesel-fueled engines are:

- fuel tank
- fuel water trap
- fuelfilter
- **fuelliftpump**
- fuel injection pump
- fuel injectors

THE COOLANT SYSTEM

Radiator Capacity: Gas/LPG 1.2 qts. Diesel 1.9 qts., US; Total System Capacity Gas/LPG 2.5 qts., Diesel 3.25 qts. US circulates through hoses and engine block which bring the total system capacity to 3.25 quarts.

A spring-loaded valve in the radiator pressure cap, designed to open at 13psi, closes the outlet to the overflow pipe.

THE LUBRICATION **SYSTEM**

Grease fittings supply lubrication to:

- steeringlink
- steering cylinder
- steering fork assembly
- pillow blocks supporting dump arms

THEHYDRAULICS **SYSTEM**

Hydraulic fluid is pumped from a 12-gallon capacity reservoir.

Fluid passes through a 100 mesh suction strainer.

Fluid returns through a filter and is cooled by an internal heat exchange in the

resevoir.

Propelling System The major component of the propelling system is a variable displacement piston

pump protected by a relief valve.

The major component of the accessories system is an auxiliary gear pump. This Accessories System

> pump is protected by a relief valve and sends fluid to a manifold where it can be directed to raise and lower hopper, to rotate hopper, and to drive brooms,

brushes, and other accessories.

Brooms are driven by hydraulic, high torque, low speed motors.

THE VACUUM SYSTEM

The vacuum system consists of a hydraulically-driven impeller.

Filters and Shakers

The dust control system has one filter providing 92 sq. ft. (8.56 m²).

HOPPERS

Rotary Trash Relocator™ The Rotary Trash Relocator (RTR $^{\text{IM}}$) increases the debris-holding capacity of the hopper, extending the sweeping time before dumping. By rotating the hopper about halfway through the dump rotation, the debris at the lip of the hopper moves to the front wall, leaving the entrance area clear to receive and hold more debris.

BRAKES AND TIRES

Brakes All models have drum brakes with a hand lever activated mechanical parking

brake.

Tires Front-Two 18" pneumatic or solid.

Rear - One 16" pneumatic or solid.

BASIC OPERATING CONTROLS

STARTER To start gasoline powered sweepers, turn the key to ON position and then to the

START position. When engine starts, release key. To stop engine, turn key to OFF.

HORN The horn is activated by pressing the horn button located to the left of the operator.

FUEL GAUGE The fuel gauge indicates the amount of fuel remaining in the tank.

AMMETER The ammeter indicates the charging current which is being sent to the battery by the

alternator. It also indicates a discharge of current being used by the sweeper/scrubber

when the alternator is not charging,

HOUR METER The hour meter records the number of hours the machine has been operated, providing

a helpful guide for performing routine maintenance tasks.

ENGINE OIL The engine oil pressure gauge ranges from 0 psi to 60 psi.

PRESSURE A reading below 6 psi indicates problems which may result in damage to the engine.

ENGINE TEMP. Temperatures above 230° F indicate an overheating engine.

FILTER SHAKER The filter shaker button activates the filter shaker motor prior to dumping or as needed

during normal sweeping.

THROTTLE The throttle adjusts the engine speed from idle to full operating speed.

• The throttle should be in the IDLE position when starting the engine and immediately before shutdown.

 Full throttle position should be used during operation to ensure proper broom speed and dust control.

DIRECTIONAL CONTROL PEDAL

The directional control pedal controls the speed and direction of the machine. It is also used for slowing the machine or stopping.

- To propel the machine forward, apply pressure to the front of the pedal, increasing pressure to increase speed.
- To propel the machine backward, apply pressure to the rear of the pedal.
- To slow or stop the machine, move foot pedal into neutral.
- For emergency stops move foot pedal past neutral into opposite position.



(Use for emergency stops only! Constant use of this braking method may result in damage to drive components.)

PARKING BRAKE The brake shoe on the two front wheels are operated by pressing on the brake pedal. To engage the parking brake pull upward on the hand brake lever located on the left side of the operator.

SWEEPING CONTROLS

BROOM CONTROLS

The broom switch activates the brooms.

NOTE

The main broom and side broom may be lowered independently.

NOTE

The "OFF" condition is achieved by turning the broom switch to the "OFF" position

MAIN BROOM

The main broom handle, to the left of the operator, raises and lowers the main broom. For normal sweeping, position the handle at LOWER on the handle slot.

NOTE

When not sweeping, position the main broom handle to the RAISE position on the handle slot.

SIDE BROOM

The side broom is completely automatic.

- When preparing to sweep, push the side broom switch to the sweep position.
- To stop/raise the side broom, push the switch in the opposite direction.

DEBRIS HOPPER CONTROLS

HOPPER FILTER SHAKER BUTTON

This button is used to activate the filter shaker prior to dumping or as needed during sweeping operation. It is located to the left of the driver and beside the horn button.

To shake filter:

- 1. Bring the machine to a complete stop.
- 2. Place the broom switch in the OFF position.
- 3. Press and hold the filter shaker button for 20 to 30 seconds.
- 4. Place the broom switch in the ON position and resume sweeping.



Do not leave the hopper in RAISE position for an extended period of time.

DUMP CONTROLS

The two switches directly in front of the RTR TM lights are used to raise the hopper to a height of 60" (1.52 m) and dump it.

- To raise the hopper, push the hopper switch forward until the hopper raises to the proper height for the dumpster or container.
- To empty debris, push the rotate switch forward to turn the hopper forward and empty the debris.
- To rotate the hopper back, reverse the switch.
- To lower the hopper, reverse the switch.

ROTARY TRASH RELOCATOR (RTR TM)

Rotary Trash Relocator (RTRTM) is standard. Its purpose is to increase the holding capacity of the debris hopper to make dumping the hopper necessary less frequently.

OPERATING PROCEDURES

PRE-OPERATION CHECKS

Prior to starting the engine, check the following:

- Engine oil level
- Engine coolant level
- Fuel level
- Hydraulicfluidlevel
- Brakes, steering, and directional controls
- The floor beneath the machine for signs of fluid leaks

Fluid levels should be correct. Brakes, steering, and directional controls should be functioning properly. Hoses, lines, and tanks should be free of damage and leaks.

STARTING



Before turning the machine on, make sure the seat is latched then, seat yourself in the operator's seat and make sure the parking brake is locked.

- 1. Make sure the directional control pedal is in neutral position.
- 2. Make sure the throttle is in idle position.
- 3. **Gasoline-powered:** Turn ignition key to START position. When engine starts, release the key.



If the engine fails to start, do not continue cranking for more than ten seconds. Allow the starter motor to cool between attempts.

- 4. Move the machine forward or backward as follows:
 - **Forward:** Apply pressure to the front of the directional control pedal, increasing pressure to increase speed.
 - **Reverse:** Apply pressure to the rear of the pedal, increasing pressure to increase speed.

SLOWING AND STOPPING

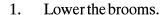
Allow the directional control pedal to move into neutral. The machine will slow and coast to a stop.

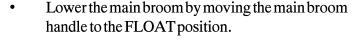
OPERATING ON GRADES

 \bigcirc

- 1. Alwaystravel slowly.
- 2. Exercise extreme caution when traveling across or turning on grades.

SWEEPING





- 2. Activate the broom motors.
 - Press the Main Broom switch on the console.

Main Broom Switch

To activate the Side Broom motor press the Side Broom switch on the console.

- Side Broom Switch

3. Drive the machine over the area to be swept.

EMPTYING THE HOPPER

N S 0 =

1404

0 0 0

High Dump Models

- 1. Drive the machine to the dumping area.
- 2. Position the machine so that the space between the machine and the container or dumpster is adequate to raise the hopper.

NOTE

Broom and dust control switches must be in OFF positions.

3. Position the hopper high enough to clear the top of the container.



Never place your hands or other body parts near the lift arms when the hopper is operating.

4. Move the machine forward until the hopper is properly positioned to dump debris into the container.



It is unsafe to travel an extended distance with the hopper raised. Travel only the distance necessary to position the hopper.

- 5. At this point, shake filters for 20 30 seconds. Rotate the hopper forward and empty the debris.
- 6. After hopper empties, rotate to the RETURN position.



- 7. Slowly back machine away from dumpster approximately 5 feet.
- 8. Lower the hopper to the bottom position.

USING THE ROTARY TRASH RELOCATOR (RTRTM)

Stop the machine on a level surface. 1.

NOTE

As you complete Steps two and three, observe the two red lights labeled 1 and 2 in the upper left corner of the control panel.

- Light 1 illuminates when the hopper reaches the minimum height required to use the RTR feature.
- Light 2 illuminates when the hopper reaches the rotation stop point.
- 2. Move hopper to the RAISE position and hold until Light 1 illuminates, then move to "HOLD" position.

A WARNING

Make sure no one is in the area under or around the hopper.

3. Rotate hopper to DUMP position and hold until Light 2 illuminates, then release.

NOTE

This rotates the hopper, causing debris to move from the rear entrance to the front wall of the hopper. Rotating beyond this point will cause debris to be dumped from the hopper.

- 4. Rotate hopper to the BACK position
- 5. LOWER the hopper to the normal operating position.

TRANSPORTING THE MACHINE

Loading

- 1. Position the machine on the transport vehicle or trailer and apply the parking brake.
- 2. Chain the machine down using the tie down holes in the frame in front of both front wheels and in the rear of the frame.

 (There is a total of 4 tie-down areas.)

NOTE

Attach the tie downs to the frame only.

Pushing

- 1. Push the machine from the rear using the bumper only.
- 2. Before towing, open the tow valve located on top of the main pump by rotating the valve stem 90°. After towing is complete, return valve stem to its original position.

A CAUTION

Do not tow or push the machine a distance of more than .5 miles (.80 kilometers) or faster than one mile per hour (1.61 km). Exceeding these restrictions may cause damage to the hydraulic system. If towing will exceed the above restrictions, the rear wheel must be raised or supported by a dolly.

INTRODUCTION

Regular maintenance on your sweeper results in better cleaning, faster cleaning, and a prolonged service life for the equipment and components. This section contains the following information to help you give your sweeper the maintenance attention it requires:

- A Planned Maintenance Chart
- Service Instructions for Required Maintenance Tasks

Because it is extremely important to your safety, you will see the following **WARNING** repeated throughout this section:



Never attempt to perform any service on the equipment or components until the machine is OFF, the parking brake is LOCKED, and the wheels are CHOCKED.

PLANNED MAINTENANCE CHART

FREQUENCY (INHOURS)					SERVICE	
DAILY	50	100	200	500	(BY MAINTENANCE AREA)	
					ENGINE	
		X			Pressure wash engine	
					For additional maintenance requirements, refer to the engine manual furnished with this manual.	
					AIR INTAKE AND EXHAUST SYSTEMS	
X					Empty rubber dust cup of air filter element.	
		X			Clean air filter. <i>NOTE:</i> Clean more often in dusty conditions.	
			X		Replace air filter.	
					ELECTRICALSYSTEM	
		X			Check electrolyte level in battery cells and fill as needed.	
			X		Clean battery top.	
					COOLANT SYSTEM	
X					Check coolant level and fill as needed.	
	X				Inspect radiator fins and clean as needed.	
		X			Blow out radiator fins.	
				X	Drain and flush coolant system.	



FRI	FREQUENCY (INHOURS)				SERVICE	
DAILY	50	100	200	500	(BY MAINTENANCE AREA)	
					HYDRAULICSYSTEM	
X					Check hydraulic fluid level and fill as needed.	
				X	Replace breather cap filter element.	
				X	Replace hydraulic fluid and filter.	
X					Check functioning of directional control pedal and adjust as needed.	
				X	Clean hydraulic fluid strainer in reservoir.	
					SWEEPING COMPONENTS	
X					Inspect brooms for wear and remove strings and debris from bristles and drive assembly.	
	X				Inspect broom door seals/flaps for wear and adjust or replace as needed.	
	X				Rotate main broom end-to-end.	
	X				Perform main broom adjustment test and adjust as needed.	
X					Inspect the side broom for wear and adjust as needed.	
					Replace main and side brooms as needed. Main Broom - Bristles are 1" in length. Side Broom - Bristles are 3" in length.	

PLANNED MAINTENANCE CHART

FRE	QUE	NCY (II	NHOU	RS)	SERVICE	
DAILY	50	100	200	500	(BY MAINTENANCE AREA)	
					HOPPER	
X					Check hopper filter and clean or replace as needed.	
	X				Check hopper clearance from floor and adjust as needed	
X					Inspect the hopper flaps for wear or damage and replace as needed.	
		X			Inspect hopper side and frame seals for wear or damage. Adjust or replace as needed.	
					STEERING	
				X	Lubricate steering fork cylinder and link.	
	X				Check for leaks.	
					PARKING BRAKE	
			X		Check for proper functioning and adjust as needed.	



FRE	EQUE	NCY (I	NHOU	RS)	SERVICE	
DAILY	50	100	200	500	(BY MAINTENANCE AREA)	
					TIRES	
X					Visually inspect for wear and damage. Replace as needed.	
			X		Check pneumatic tires for proper air pressure (90 psi).	
					MISCELLANEOUS	
				X	Inspect latches and hinges. Tighten and lubricate as needed.	
			X		Check anti-static drag chain on rear wall of broom chamber for damage or excessive wear. Replace as needed.	
				X	Check side broom lift cable for wear.	
			X		Check lugnuts for proper torque.	
					IMPELLER	
X					Check for hydraulic fluid leaks.	



ENGINE

Maintenance requirements and service instructions for your sweeper engine are outlined in the following parts of this Maintenance section:

- Air Intake and Exhaust Systems
- **Electrical System**
- **Fuel System**
- Coolant System
- **Lubrication System**

All basic maintenance tasks are listed with their recommended frequencies on the Planned Maintenance Chart in this manual. Important additional maintenance requirements and instructions are explained in the engine manual which comes with your machine.



Never attempt to perform any service on the equipment or components until the engine is OFF, the parking brake is LOCKED, and the wheels are CHOCKED.

AIR INTAKE AND EXHAUST SYSTEMS SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS

AIR FILTER REMOVAL

- 1. Turn off the engine and set the parking brake.
- 2. Lift the engine cover.
- 3. Locate the air filter and unlatch the ring clamp.
- 4. Remove the dust cup.
- 5. Pull the rubber plug out of the dust cup and empty the contents.
- 6. Unscrew the wingnut.
- 7. Pull the air filter out of its housing.

AIR FILTER CLEANING

- 1. Once you have removed the air filter, empty the dust cup and clean the interior of the air filter housing.
- 2. Use an air hose to blow out the air filter. Air pressure should be 30 psi or less.



Always wear safety glasses when cleaning the air filter. Failure to do so could result in personal injury.

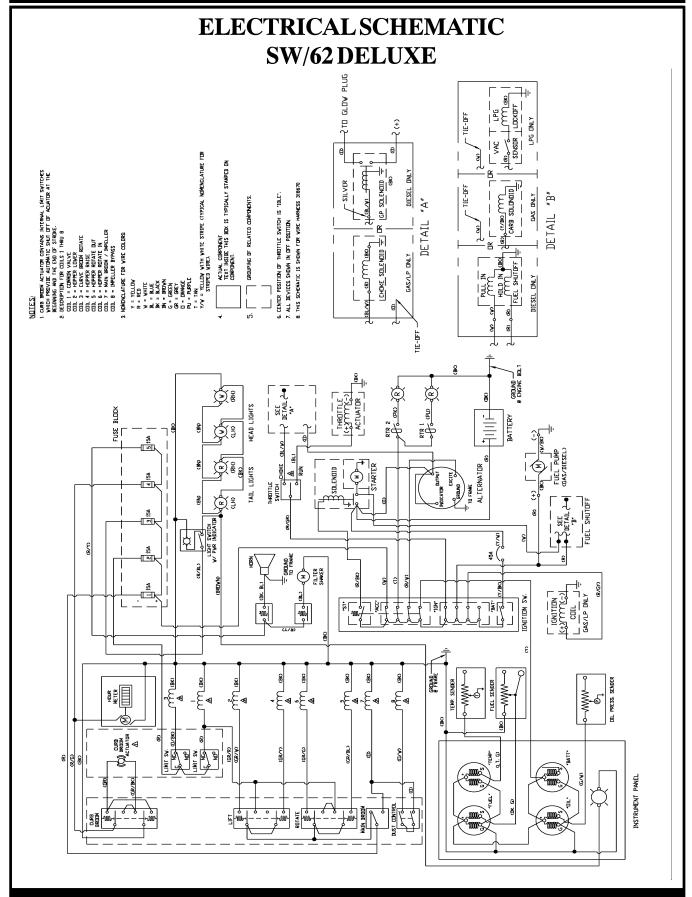
AIR FILTER INSPECTION

1. After you clean the air filter, check it for holes by passing a light bulb inside it.

AIRFILTER INSTALLATION

- 1. Wipe out the air cleaner housing with a damp cloth. Be sure all dirt is removed.
- 2. Install the cleaned replacement filter so that the fins are at the far end of the housing. Be careful not to damage the fins.
- 3. Replace the wing nut and tighten it.
- 4. Replace the rubber plug in the dust cup.
- 5. Replace dust cup, being sure embossed word "top" on cup is positioned correctly (up).
- 6. Tighten the ring clamp.
- 7. Check the condition of intake hoses and clamps.
- 8. Close the engine cover.





ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS

BATTERY CLEANING

- Combine baking soda and water in a strong solution. 1.
- 2. Brush the solution over the battery top, including terminals and cable clamps. Make sure the solution does not enter the battery.
- 3. Using a wire brush, clean the terminal posts and cable clamps.
- 4. Apply a thin coating of vaseline to the terminals and cable clamps.

BATTERY REPLACEMENT

Remove the negative battery cable before you remove the positive battery cable. This is done to prevent accidental electrical shorting which can result in personal injury.

- 1. Disconnect the negative (-) cable and then the positive (+) cable.
- 2. Remove the battery.
- 3. Install new battery.
- 4. Connect the positive (+) battery cable first, then the negative (-) cable.

CIRCUITBREAKER

If the circuit breaker trips, it can be reset by pressing the reset button in the center of the breaker. (The circuit breaker is located on the rear cover to the left of the operator.)

FUSES

The fuses are located in the instrument panel. If a fuse blows out, replace it by

- Remove the instrument panel cover.
- Pull out the old fuse and install a new fuse.

FUEL SYSTEM

A WARNING

- 1. Never attempt to perform any service on the equipment or components until the engine is OFF, the parking brake is LOCKED, and the wheels are CHOCKED.
- 2. Never operate an LPG powered sweeper when any component in the fuel system is malfunctioning or leaking.
- 3. Never bypass safety components unless you are testing them.
- 4. Replace any defective safety components before operating the sweeper.
- 5. During repair or servicing of the fuel system, work in a properly ventilated area and do not smoke or allow an open flame near the fuel system.
- 6. When disconnecting the bottle coupling, always wear gloves. LPG fuel can freeze bare hands.
- 7. Under no circumstances should the fuel filter lock be bypassed, except when testing. After testing, always reconnect lock. Bypassing the fuel filter lock after testing creates a potential fire hazard.

CHECKING THE LPG FUEL FILTER LOCK

- 1. Start the engine. Then remove the vacuum hose going to the fuel filter lock. The solenoid should close, shutting off the fuel supply and stopping the engine.
 - If the engine continues to operate, the fuel filter lock should be replaced.
 - If the engine stops, the fuel filter lock is operating properly.
- 2. With the engine stopped, let the machine stand while the LPG tank valve is open (the hose is removed from the fuel filter lock). After 10 minutes, try the starter motor.
 - If the engine starts or fires, this indicates a fuel leak has occurred. Replace the fuel filter lockimmediately.
 - If the engine simply turns over, without starting, this indicates the fuel filter lock is operating correctly.



COOLANT SYSTEM SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS

BLOWING OUT RADIATOR FINS

NOTE

Make sure radiator is cool before blowing out the radiator fins with compressed air.

REVERSE FLOW FLUSHING

- 1. At the engine, disconnect the hoses.
- 2. Make sure the radiator cap is on tight.
- 3. Using a hose clamp, fasten a flushing gun onto the lower hose.
- 4. Turn on the water and fill the radiator.
- 5. To keep from damaging the radiator, apply air pressure slowly and carefully.
- 6. Shut off the air pressure, refill the radiator with water, and reapply the air pressure. You will need to repeat these steps until water flushed from the radiator runs out clear.
- 7. Inspect and clean the radiator cap.
- 8. Inspect and reconnect the hoses.
- 9. Refill the radiator with coolant.

NOTE

Use a 50/50 mixture of water and an approved anti-freeze.



LUBRICATION

Gasoline and LPG Engines:

Refer to the Engine Manufacturer's Operator Manual for these specifications.

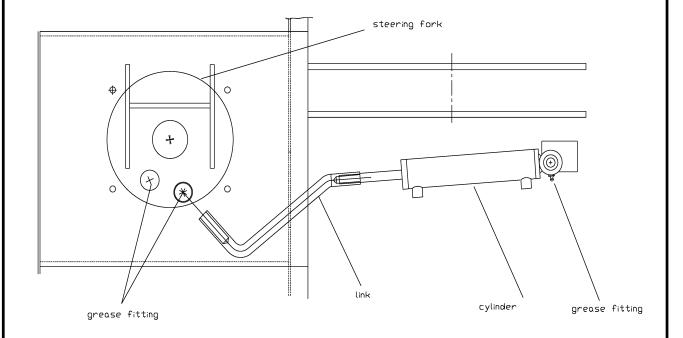
CHANGING ENGINE OIL

- 1. Place a drain pan under the engine on the floor.
- 2. Remove the drain plug and allow oil to drain into the pan.
- 3. Remove the used oil filter and replace with a new one.
- 4. Dispose of oil and oil filter in an approved manner.
- 5. Remove the engine oil cap, add oil in the amounts listed in engine manual, then secure the cap.



LUBRICATION POINTS

Lubrication	Type of Lubrication	Frequency (In Hours)
Steering Link Assembly	Grease	500
Steering Cylinder	Grease	500
Steering Fork Assembly	Grease	500
Hood Latches & Hinges	Oil	500



HYDRAULICS SYSTEM SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS

FILLING THE FLUID RESERVOIR

NOTE The reservoir is located inside the machine and is accessible by tilting the rear cover or clip backward.

1. When the machine is cool and the hopper is in the lowered position, remove the filler cap. Fluid level should be about 1-inch from top.

A CAUTION

DO NOT OVERFILL! DO <u>NOT</u> USE TRANSMISSION FLUID INSTEAD OF HYDRAULIC FLUID. AAR PowerBoss recommends SAE 15W-40 only.

2. If the fluid level is low, add hydraulic fluid.

CHANGING THE HYDRAULIC FLUID

- 1. Turn off the machine and engage the parking brake.
- 2. Place a drain pan on the floor below the reservoir.
- 3. Remove the drain plug located on the bottom rear of the reservoir and allow the fluid to drain.
- 4. Discard the fluid properly, then replace and retighten the drain plug.
- 5. Remove the filler cap located on top of the reservoir and fill the reservoir with approved hydraulic fluid.

NOTE

Twelve (12) gallons (US) of fluid are required.

- 6. Install filler cap assembly.
- 7. Check the drain plug for leakage.



CHANGING THE HYDRAULIC FLUID FILTER

- Turn off the machine and engage the parking brake. 1.
- 2. Remove filler cap on reservoir.
- 3. Remove and properly discard filter.
- Install filler cap. 4.



Do not overtighten.

6. Start the machine, shut it off, then check for leakage.

ADJUSTING THE DIRECTIONAL CONTROL RETURN SPRING

You may encounter "creeping" problems from time to time. Creeping means the machine moves backward or forward when the forward/reverse pedal is in neutral. Agrinding noise when the engine is shut down is also an indicator that the directional control return spring needs adjusting. If this occurs, perform the procedure which follows:

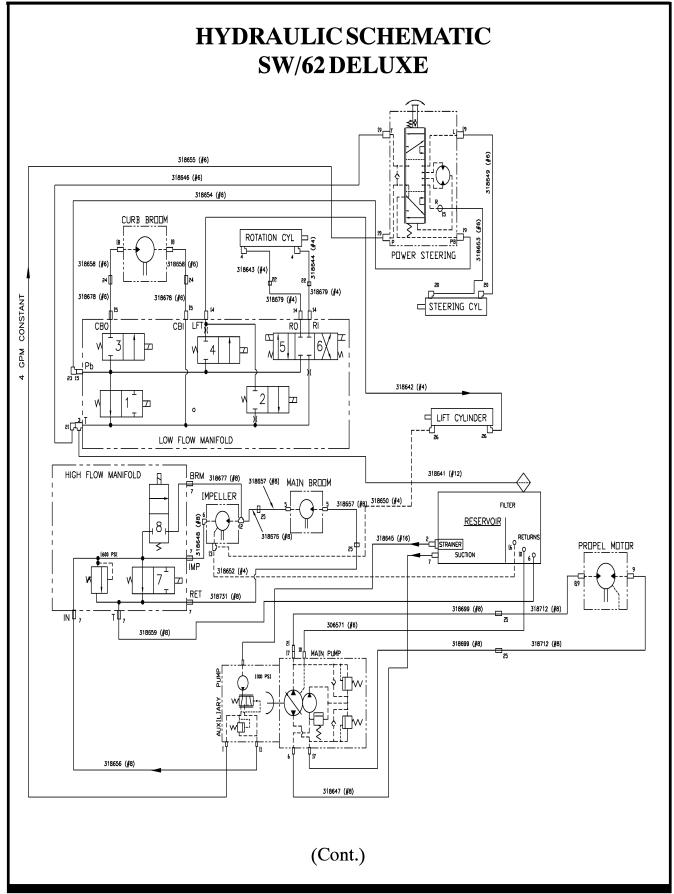
1. Turn off the engine, engage the parking brake, and chock both wheels.

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WARNING) DO NOT USE A JACK ALONE TO HOLD THE MACHINE!!

- 2. Jack the rear of the machine so that the rear tire just clears the floor. Use two jack stands to support the machine.
- 3. Locate the forward/reverse adjustment bracket mounted beneath the pump on the pump mounting plate.
- 4. Slightly loosen the bolt on the center of the bracket.
- 5. Now loosen the locking nut on each of the adjusting bolts on the side of the bracket closest to the pump mounting plate.
- From the operator's seat, start the engine and run at half throttle. 6.
- 7. Turn the adjusting bolts while watching the rear wheel. Continue to adjust until the rear wheel does not turn in either direction.
- Fully open throttle. Push the directional control pedal forward and backward to be sure pump stays 8. in neutral. Check wheel again and adjust as needed until the wheel remains motionless.
- 9. Retighten all the locking nuts and the bolts.
- 10. Turn the engine off and lower the machine to the floor.







HYDRAULIC SCHEMATIC SW/62 DELUXE (Cont.)

DEVICE *	P/N	FLOW-OUT	DISPL	PRESS (PSI)	TEMP	HP LOSS	RPM/TIME
CYLINDER- LIFT	307243	3.3 GPM	65.0 IN ³	1100	N/A		5 SEC
CYLINDER- ROTATION	307323	1.8 GPM	28.6 IN ³	1100			4 SEC
CYLINDER- STEERING	318452	4 GPM	25.1 IN ³	1100			5 SEC
FILTER	318581	N/A	N/A	N/A			N/A
MANIFOLD- LO FLOW	318622	4 GPM	N/A	2000 PSI			
MANIFOLD- HI FLOW	318621	8-11 GPM	N/A	1000 PSI			
MOTOR- CURB BROOM	318532	4 GPM	9.5 IN ³	70 PSI			97 RPM
MOTOR- IMPELLER	313008	11 GPM	.453 IN ³	700 PSI			5610 RPM
MOTOR- MAIN BROOM	316894	11 GPM	4.5 IN ³	500 PSI			510 RPM
MOTOR- PROPEL	318586	0-11.5 GPM	19 IN ³	2500 PSI			N/A
PUMP- AUXILIARY	318623	14.4 GPM	1.55 IN ³	1100 □UT			2150 RPM
PUMP- MAIN	303581	0-11.5 GPM	1.24 IN ³	500 PSI			2150 RPM
RESEVOIR	318632	25.9 GPM	12.2 GAL	N/A	*192°F		N/A
STEERING UNIT	318471	4 GPM	80 CM ₃	N/A			N/A
STRAINER	307573	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

*- DATA PARAMETERS: 2150 PUMP RPMS, SWEEPING ON LEVEL GROUND WITH AN EMPTY HOPPER @ 92°F AMBIENT

ITEM	FITTING DESCRIPTION	P/N
1	90° EL (.88-14 to #6)	400848
2	C□NN (1"NPT to #16)	400847
3	TEE (.75-16 to #8 to #8)	400850
4	90° EL (.50-20 to #5)	400152
5	CONN (.88-14 to #8)	400151
6	90° EL (.75-16 to #8)	400154
7	CDNN (.75-16 to #8)	304899
8	ADAPTER (.88-14 x .75-16)	400166
9	SWIVEL (.75-14 to #8)	400169
10	90° EL (.56-18 to #6)	400153
11	90° EL (.88-14 to #8)	400155
12	TEE (.75-16 to #8)	400163
13	TEE (.44-20 X #4 X #4)	400844

	FITTING DESCRIPTION	P/N
14	CONN (.56-18 to #4)	400264
15	CONN (.56-18 to #6)	400635
16	90° EL (.56-18 to #4)	400470
17	CDNN (1.06 to #8)	400849
18	CONN (.88-14 to #6)	400822
19	CONN (.75-16 to #6)	400648
20	90° EL (.50-20 to #6)	400634
21	90° SWIVEL EL (#8)	400244
55	BULKHEAD (#4)	400857
23	90° SWIVEL EL (#6)	400843
24	BULKHEAD (#6)	400858
25	BULKHEAD (#8)	400859
26	90° EL (.44-20 to #4)	302407

	SOLENDID LOGIC TABLE							
FUNCTION	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8
CURB BROOM ON	ENERG		ENERG					
LIFT HOPPER	ENERG			ENERG				
LOWER HOPPER		ENERG						
DUMP HOPPER	ENERG				ENERG			
RETRACT HOPPER	ENERG					ENERG		
M'BR□□M &							ראורמכ	
DUST CONTROL- ON							ENERG	
DUST CONTROL- OFF							ENERG	ENERG

SWEEP COMPONENTS SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS

BROOM DOOR FLAP INSPECTION

NOTE

Perform this inspection when the machine is parked on a level surface.

- 1. Turn the machine off and lock the parking brake.
- 2. Inspect broom door flaps for wear and damage. Flap clearance should be 1/8" (3.18 mm) above the floor.
- 3. Worn and damaged flaps should be replaced immediately to maintain proper dust control.

BROOM DOOR FLAP REPLACEMENT AND ADJUSTMENT

To remove the flaps, remove hardware. To adjust flaps, loosen nuts and bolts, slide flap up or down as needed. Retighten nuts and bolts.

MAIN BROOM HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT TEST

NOTE

Perform this adjustment on a flat, smooth test surface.

- 1. Drive the machine onto the test surface with the main broom in the RAISE position.
- 2. Set the parking brake and position the main broom to the FLOAT position.
- 3. Push the broom control switch to the ON position to activate the broom motor and open throttle to full RPM.
- 4. Allow about 45 seconds for the broom to operate, then deactivate the broom motor and raise the broom.

NOTE

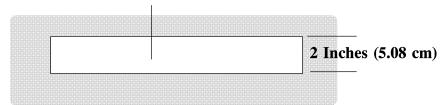
Test time will vary according to the test surface used.

- 5. Drive the machine clear of the test site.
- 6. Examine the polished pattern made by the broom on the test area.



A rectangular shape the length of the main broom indicates the main broom is properly adjusted. A pattern smaller than 2" (5.08 cm) indicates need for lower adjustment. A pattern wider than 2" (5.08 cm) indicates a need for higher adjustment. If pattern is tapered from end to end instead of rectangular, see Taper Adjustment on the next page.

Main Broom Test Pattern



MAIN BROOM HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Turn the machine off and lock the parking brake.
- 2. Position the main broom lever to the FLOAT position.

NOTE

The adjustment knob is located in the operator's compartment in front of operator's left knee.

- 3. Turn the broom adjusting knob clockwise one-eighth turn to free locknut.
- 4. Turn the locknut counter-clockwise to allow space for adjustment.
- 5. Make a lower or higher adjustment with the knob as required.
- 6. Retighten the locknut.
- 7. Repeat the main broom adjustment test to see that the broom is properly adjusted.

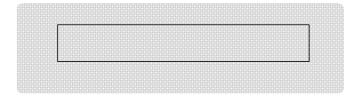
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MAIN BROOM TAPER ADJUSTMENT

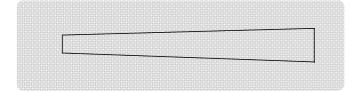
NOTE

If the main broom adjustment test shows a pattern that is tapered in length (one end is wider than the other), perform the procedures which follow.

Correct Taper Pattern



Incorrect Taper Pattern



Main Broom Taper Patterns

- Locate the adjusting screws directly beneath the floor pan. 1.
- 2. Loosen the retaining bolts on the outside of the mounting bracket.
- 3. Raise or lower the ends of the main broom.
- 4. After adjustment, tighten retainer bolts.
- 5. Repeat the main broom adjustment test to see that the broom is properly adjusted.

SIDE BROOM ANGLE ADJUSTMENT

The angle adjustment is controlled with a stop bolt. This stop bolt is located at the top front of the side broom arm (under the spring). To increase the angle of the side broom, loosen jam nut and turn stop bolt counter-clockwise. Be sure to retighten the jam nut back down once the adjustment is made.

SIDE BROOM HEIGHT (WEAR) ADJUSTMENT

The height of the side broom is adjusted with the use of a stop bolt located at the lower rear of the curb broom arm. As the side broom wears it will be necessary to lower the arm. To lower the side broom, loosen the jam nut on stop bolt. Turn the stop bolt in a counter-clockwise direction, check side broom for proper contact and re-tighten the jam nut.

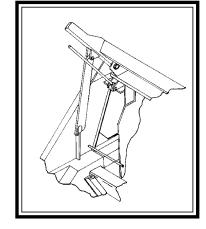
SIDE BROOM LIMIT SWITCH ADJUSTMENT

This adjustment is made on the actuator mounting bracket attached to the side of the frame. It controls the starting and stopping of the curb broom. This adjustment must be made with the hopper fully raised.



Do not rely upon hydraulic cylinders to keep hopper raised for maintenance. Always engage the safety arm before getting under the hopper.

SAFETY ARM ENGAGED



- 1. Retract the actuator until it is approximately .25" from the full UP position.
- 2. Loosen the screws on the actuator mounting bracket holding the limit switches.
- 3. Rotate the limit switches counterclockwise until the broom circuit is interrupted (the switches will click).
- 4. Tighten the screws.
- 5. Cycle the curb broom with the engine running to verify operation.

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MAIN BROOM REPLACEMENT - Bristles worn to length of 1 inch (2.54 cm) or less

- 1. Turn the machine off and lock the parking brake.
- 2. Move the main broom control lever to the FLOAT position.
- 3. Open the right side door (on side with driver's seat).
- 4. Remove the knob on the main broom idler mount.
- 5. Pull the main broom idler mount straight out to remove.
- 6. Grasp the main broom by the plastic drive hub, pull the main broom straight out and clear of the broom chamber.
- 7. Depending on broom condition, you can either rotate the old broom end-to-end and re-install it or you can install a new broom. Slide the main broom into the broom chamber and align the broom with the metal drive hub located at the far side of the broom chamber.
 - If a worn broom is being replaced, install the new broom by first adjusting the broom arms up, to better match the position of the drive hub with the hub on the new broom.
- 8. Once the broom is started onto the drive hubs, rotate the broom counter-clockwise while pushing lightly against the broom.
- 9. Once the broom is fully engaged, replace the idler hub while aligning the seats in the idler hub with the broom's drive hub ears.
- 10. Install the knob and tighten firmly.
- 11. Perform a main broom adjustment test and adjust as needed.

SIDE BROOM REPLACEMENT - Bristles worn to a length of 3 inches (7.62 cm) or less

NOTE The side broom features a quick release mechanism which enables the operator to remove the brush in seconds.

- 1. Turn the side broom by hand until the brush retainer bar is accessible.
- 2. Lift the bar and turn the broom clockwise (about one eighth of a turn) until the lock pins in the broom disengage from the drive plate.
- 3. Install the new broom by positioning the three drive pins into the pilot holes of the drive plate.
- 4. Lift and rotate the broom until the broom retainer bar springs into the locked position.
- 5. Check to make sure all three drive pins are properly engaged.

HOPPERS SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS

HOPPER REMOVAL

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface and engage the parking brake.
- 2. Raise the hopper and position a dolly, a platform truck or similar four wheeled cart under the hopper.
- 3. Set the hopper down and turn the engine off.
- 4. Relieve any residual hydraulic pressure.
- 5. Remove three bolts, washers, nuts, and backing plate.
- 6. Disconnect the wire connections at the right side of the hopper.
- 7. While spreading dump arms slightly, roll the hopper away from the machine.

HOPPER REPLACEMENT

- 1. Position the hopper on the dolly so as to align the mounting holes in the sides of the hopper with the rotation mounts on the arms. Lift arms should be positioned about 1/3 of way up.
- 2. Engage lift arm rotation plates with mounting bolts on each side of the hopper.
- 3. Start the machine and lift hopper.
- 4. Drive away from the hopper dolly or cart.
- 5. Lowerhopper.
- 6. Engage wire connections at right side of hopper.

FILTER REMOVAL:

- 1. Release the latches on the hopper door and raise to the up position.
- 2. Disconnect the wire harness leading to the filter shaker motor.
- 3. Unscrew the two screws securing the filter retainer bars to the hopper.
- 4. Remove the shaker motor assembly and filter retainer bars.
- 5. Lift out the panel filter.

FILTER CLEANING

The dust control filter is a permanent type paper element filter. It may be vacuumed, tapped against the floor, or washed with soap and water.

1. If washed with soap and water, use 40 psi water pressure or less.

NOTE

Make sure the filter is thoroughly dried while standing on its side before installing in the hopper. Do not install or use a wet filter.

FILTER REPLACEMENT

- 1. Insert the panel filter.
- 2. Install the shaker motor assembly.
- 3. Install and tighten the filter retaining screws & isolators.
- 4. Plug the wire harness into the filter shaker motor.
- 5. Close the hopper cover and secure the latches.

HOPPER FLOOR CLEARANCE & DUMP ADJUSTMENTS

In order to perform this procedure properly, the hopper must maintain a distance of 3-1/2" (8.89 cm) from the floor to the rear hopper entrance lip. The front of the hopper should be adjusted so that the front bumper aligns with the hopper frame where the two meet. When properly adjusted, the front edge of the hopper will be 5" (12.7 cm) to 6" (15.24 cm) from the floor.

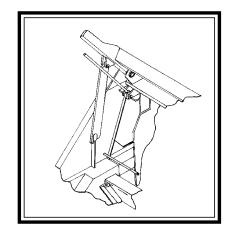
ADJUSTING MAXIMUM HOPPER DUMP ANGLE

1. Park the machine on a level surface, shut off the machine, and engage the parking brake.



Do not rely upon hydraulic cylinders to keep hopper raised for maintenance. Always engage the safety arm before getting under the hopper.

SAFETY ARM ENGAGED



2. Adjust the lift arm stop bolts located on top of the wheel wells as low as possible while still allowing the side broom assembly to clear the lift arms when the hopper is in normal position. Be sure that both lift arms contact the stop bolts at the same time.

NOTE

This may involve raising and lowering the hopper several times.

3. After adjustment, with the hopper down, use the two adjustable stops located on the rotation plates on both sides of the hopper to establish 3-1/2" (8.89 cm) clearance between the rear hopper entrance lip and the floor.

NOTE

The stop on the driver's side is located immediately below the cylinder rod end and is threaded into the cylinder mount arm. The stop on the left side is located directly above the arm rotation plate.

ADJUSTING MAXIMUM HOPPER DUMP ANGLE (CONT.)

- 4. After the 3-1/2" (8.89 cm) clearance is established, make sure both stops make contact simultaneously. The lower front edge of the hopper should be 5"(12.7 cm)-6" (15.24 cm) from the floor. A balanced adjustment of both sets of adjustment bolts is required to correctly adjust the hopper in the lowered position. If the bumper is lower than the frame, after the hopper is correctly adjusted, loosen the bumper attachment bolts and reposition the front bumper.
- 5. Next, raise the hopper and rotate fully.
- 6. Turn the engine off.



Do not rely upon hydraulic cylinders to keep hopper raised for maintenance. Always engage the safety arm before getting under the hopper.

- 7. Adjust the stops on the hopper mounts on each side of hopper so that clearance between the lift arms and the cut outs in bumper is 1/4" (6.35 mm) maximum.
- 8. Loosen the locking set screw in the bottom side of the rotation cylinder rod end.
- 9. Using the hole in the cylinder rod, turn the rod to adjust cylinder extended length to match hopper rotation stops.
- 10. Tighten the set screw.
- 11. Rotate the hopper back, remove the safety arm, and lower the hopper.

HOPPER VACUUM GASKET MOUNT ADJUSTMENT

1. With hopper in normal position, observe contact between back of hopper and gasket. If complete seal is not maintained, raise high dump hopper.



Do not rely upon hydraulic cylinders to keep hopper raised for maintenance. Always engage the safety arm before getting under the hopper.

2. Loosen mounting bolts in gasket mount. Move assembly toward hopper. Tighten bolts. Test and repeat, if necessary.



HOPPER FLAP REPLACEMENT

Flaps located at the entrance lip of the hopper, must be replaced when worn or damaged. The flap panels may be replaced separately.

- Park the machine on a level surface and engage the parking brake. 1.
- 2. Raise the hopper.



Do not rely upon hydraulic cylinders to keep hopper raised for maintenance. Always engage the safety arm before getting under the hopper.

- 3. Turn off the engine.
- 4. Remove the flap retaining angle and worn or damaged flaps.
- 5. Install new flaps.
- 6. Replace the retaining angle.

HOPPER / FRAME SEAL REPLACEMENT

FRONT FRAME SEAL

The hopper frame seals bolt to the front edge of the frame. Install a new seal by folding it in half to align holes. Doubled edge with holes goes on the bottom. Support the seal straight up while bolting the retainer bar in place. The seal should fall over the retainer bar after installation. Be certain that the seal edges are aligned to prevent twisting of the seal.

SIDE FRAME SEAL

The side frame seals should clear the floor by at least 1/8" (3.18 mm).

If the bottom of a side seal measures 1/2" (1.27 cm) or more above the floor, readjust it or replace it by removing the bolts on the inside of the wheel wells, installing a new seal, and securing it with the bolts. The double edge with the holes goes toward the front.

PARKING BRAKE

Normal adjustment of the parking brake can be accomplished from the operator compartment. Locate the knurled handle on the parking brake lever. Turn the handle clockwise to increase brake tension. *Two or three turns is usually adequate*.

NOTE: DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN!!



Do not rely upon hydraulic cylinders to keep hopper raised for maintenance. Always engage the safety arm before getting under the hopper.

TIRES SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS

CHANGING SOLID TIRES

NOTE: The procedures which follow apply to solid tires only.

- 1. Remove tire from vehicle by removing the five lug nuts.
- 2. Remove the ten hex head bolts and nuts.
- 3. Press the tire from rim.
- 4. Press the large rim half into the new tire.
- 5. Mount the small rim half and secure with hex head bolts.
- 6. Reinstall tire on machine.

CHANGING PNEUMATICTIRES



Since procedures for changing pneumatic tires must be performed in a safety cage and require special tools, we recommend you have these tires changed by a professional tire dealer.

MISCELLANEOUS ADJUSTMENTS

- Each machine is equipped with an anti-static chain bolted to the back wall of the broom chamber. This should remain in contact with the floor at all times. Inspect the chain every 200 operating hours. Replace if at least one link does not drag the surface of the floor.
- Latches and hinges should be inspected after every 500 hours of use. Retighten and oil if necessary.

BASIC MACHINE OPERATING PROBLEMS

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
Engine will not start or runs roughly after start.	Battery dead.	Rechargeor replace battery.
	Machine out of fuel.	Refuel.
	Fuel filter plugged.	Clean or replace filter.
	Fuel line broken or obstructed.	Blow fuel line out with com-
	Fuel line connection loose.	pressed air. Tighten connection.
	Dirty air filter.	Clean or replace air filter. (See Maintenance Section.)
	Problems with spark plugs, ignition points, ignition coil, ignition switch, carburetor, regulator, wiring harness.	Review engine manual at back of this manual for maintenance and troubleshooting procedures.
NOTE: On machines with LPG Fuel, also check the	Tank valve not fully opened.	Open the valve slowly.
following:	Fuel tank type does not match fuel supply.	Use the correct tank type for the fuel supply.
	Fuel tank and lines are frosting up.	Open shut-off valve slowly to 1/4 open, start.
	Defective vacuum lock-off.	Replace or repair.
Engine overheats.	Low coolant level.	Supply coolant.
	Clogged radiator.	Flush radiator.
	Loose fan belt.	Tighten belt.
	Defective thermostat.	Replace thermostat.
NOTE: If contemperature s	polant loss has not occurred, check sending unit.	for malfunction of the

BASIC MACHINE OPERATING PROBLEMS

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
PowerBoss® moves slowly or does not move.	Parking brake is on.	Release brake.
	Directional control pedal jammed, damaged, or not adjusted properly.	Clear jam or adjust linkage. Check pedal switches.
	Tires skidding from contact with oil or grease.	Clean tires or drive through a solvent absorbing substance.
	Wheels jammed.	Clear jam.
	Weak battery.	Charge battery.
	Low hyd. fluid level.	Add hydraulic fluid.
	Hydraulic fluid temperature too high and too thin caused by excessive load, climbing, high environment temperatures, worn pump, or improper fluid.	Use the proper weight oil for the operation conditions; check pump.
	Damaged or worn pump drive coupling. Other problems with the hydraulics system: pump failure, motor failure, relief valve leaking or stuck open.	Replace damaged item. See Hydraulics System Problems in this section.
PowerBoss® creeps in neutral.	Directional control pedal return spring is out of adjustment.	Perform the adjustment procedure.

Sweeping Problems

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
Brushes do not turn or turn very slowly.	Hydraulic system problem:	See Hydraulics System Problems in this section.
Little or no vacuum in brush compartment.	Filters clogged.	Clean filters.
	Leak or clog in hose from impeller. Impeller failure.	Repair leaks; clear obstructions or replace hose. Check and repair.
Loss of dust control.	Debris in hose or impeller inlet.	Clean.
	Broom skirts or seals worn.	Replace.
	Skirt clearance from floor exceeds 1/8".	Adjust clearance.
	Dust control filters clogged.	Clean filters.
	Filter seals worn or missing.	Replace.
	Poor seal with vacuum gasket at hopper.	Visually check and adjust, if necessary.
	Wiring switch or solenoid failure	
Sweeper unit leaving debris.	Hopper full.	Dump hopper.
	Broom(s) out of adjustment.	Adjust.
	Broom bristles worn.	Check broom for wear and adjustment.
	Poor performance of broom drive mechanism.	Check for jam in broom chamber.
	Broom lift arms hung up with debris.	Clear out debris.

Sweeping Problems (Cont.)

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PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
Sweeper unit leaving debris. (Cont. from previous page)	Hopper flaps damaged or missing.	Replace or adjust clearance.
	Hopper out of adjustment.	Check hopper clearance.
	Dust control filters clogged.	Clean filters.
Hopper does not raise or lower.	Hydraulics system problem: - control valve - gear pump - lift cylinder - relief valve	See Hydraulics Sytems Problems in this section.
	Hopper arms binding.	Lubricate or adjust arm link-
	Hopper load too heavy.	age. Dump more frequently.
Hopper does not rotate or rotates too slowly.	Hydraulics system problem: - control valve - gear pump - lift cylinder - relief valve	See Hydraulics System Problems in this section.

GENERAL HYDRAULICS SYSTEM PROBLEMS

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION		
Hopper lift cylinder failure.	Line to cylinder leaking.	Tighten fittings or replace hose.		
	Piston seals leaking.	Replace seals.		
	Bent piston rod.	Replace rod.		
Hydraulic motor failure.	Motor leaking.	Replace seals.		
	Drive malfunction.	Replace drive belt.		
	Drive link malfunction.	Replace drive link.		
	Output shaft malfunction.	Replace output shaft and bearings.		
Hydraulic gear pump failure.	Pump leaking.	Replace seals.		
	Gears worn or scored. Relief valve stuck.	Rebuild pump. Clean or replace (at control		
	Oil supply low.	valve). Check and fill.		
	Oil strainer clogged.	Replace strainer (inside reser-		
	Incorrect oil.	voir). Use recommended viscosity oil.		

GENERAL HYDRAULICS SYSTEM PROBLEMS (CONT.)

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION		
Hydraulic gear pump failure. (Cont. from previous page.)	Damage due to entry of air into hydraulic system.	Maintain correct hydraulic fluid level in reservoir. Keep suction hose fittings tight.		
Hydraulic variable displacement pump failure.	Pump leaking. Relief valve(s) stuck. Drive coupling malfunction.	Replace seals. Clean or replace relief valve(s) at pump. Replace defective gears.		
	Control linkage out of adjustment.	Check to see if linkage is binding unfastened.		
	Charge pump gears worn or scored. Damage due to entry of air into hydraulic system.	Replace defective gears. Maintain correct hydraulic fluid level in reservoir. Keep suction hose fittings tight.		
Hydraulic system noisy.	Air in system. Relief valve dirty or damaged.	Check fluid level in reservoir; check for loose connections or leaks.		
	Loose suction line.	Clean or replace. Tighten fittings.		
	Clogged section filter or pump inlet line. Internal pump or motor damage.	Replace filter, clear line; change fluid in reservoir if dirty and flush system. Inspect and repair.		

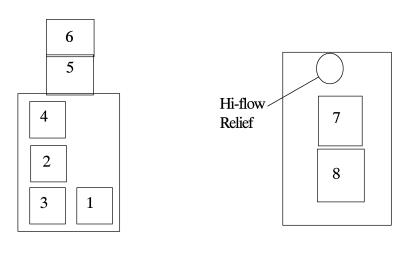
ELECTRO-HYDRAULIC PROBLEMS

The curb broom, hopper lift, hopper rotate, main broom, and dust control are activated when certain solenoids are energized. Solenoids are remotely signaled by pushing the desired button on the gauge panel. For each of the above sweeper functions, the correct combinations of solenoids (solenoid logic) must be open or closed. The logic shown here describes which solenoids must be energized to perform the various sweeper functions. Solenoid #1 is normally open and allows fluid flow to circulate back to the reservoir when all functions are off. When any of the sweeper functions are required, the #1 solenoid is closed. At the same time, another is opened, allowing flow to operate a particular function.

When troubleshooting the electro-hydraulic system, it is important to determine if the problem is electrical or mechanical. The electrical side should be eliminated first. When a function is summoned, the corresponding solenoids (logic table) are energized and emit a magnetic field. A small steel washer will stick to an energized coil (except #1). Using the logic table, determine if the proper solenoids are energized for each sweeper function. Be sure that only the required units are energized. If all solenoid logic is correct, the problem is mechanical.

	SOLENDID LOGIC TABLE							
FUNCTION	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8
CURB BROOM ON	ENERG		ENERG					
LIFT HOPPER	ENERG			ENERG				
LOWER HOPPER		ENERG						
DUMP HOPPER	ENERG				ENERG			
RETRACT HOPPER	ENERG					ENERG		
M'BROOM &							ENERG	
DUST CONTROL- ON DUST CONTROL- OFF							ENERG	ENERG

Solenoid Positions



Lo-Flow Block

Hi-flow Block

ELECTRO-HYDRAULICS SYSTEM PROBLEMS

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
Curb Broom comes on when other functions are summoned	Mechanical: #3 solenoid is stuck open tridge Electrical: #3 solenoid is energized all of the time Mechanical: Replace # tridge Electrical: Adjust curb limit switches or replace	
Hopper will not lift	Mech: 1. #4 stuck closed 2. Others are stuck open 3. Plugged #4 orifice Elec: Solenoids are not energized.	Mech: 1. Replace 2. Replace 3. Replace 1. Replace coil. 2. Trace wires. 3. Replace blown wires.
Hopper comes down by itself	Mech: 1. #2 stuck open. 2. Wrong cartridge in #4 position. Elec: Solenoids are energized incor-	 Replace. Replace. Trace wires and inspect fuses.
Hopper responds too slow or too fast	Mech: Incorrect orifice size.	 Use .052 for lowering. Use .035 for raising.

ELECTRO-HYDRAULICS SYSTEM PROBLEMS (CONT.)

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION	
Engine stalls when lifting or rotating.	Mech: 1. Engine RPM too low. 2. Hydraulic fluid too cold. 3. Lo-flow relief valve set too high.	 Reset speed. Warm up system. Adjust to 900 psi. 	
	Elec: Improper logic	Logic check.	
Nothing works or engine starts under load.	Mech: #1 stuck closed.	Replace.	
	Elec:1. Blown fuses.2. Improper logic.3. Tripped breaker.	 Inspect fuses. Logic check. Inspect breaker. 	
Blown fuses.	Elec: Shorted wire.	Trace wires.	
Tripped breaker.	Elec: Current overload.	Trace wires.	
Hopper goes up by itself.	Mech: Stuck solenoids.	Replace.	
	Elec: Improper logic.	Logic check.	